Case 3:25-cr-00045-SCC

United States District Court

for the

Di	istrict of Puerto Rico
United States of America v. RAMON SANTANA-PEÑA Defendant)) Case No. 25-045 (SCC))
ORDER OF DE	TENTION PENDING TRIAL
Part I - Eligibility for Detention	
Upon the	
☐ Motion of the Government attorney p☑ Motion of the Government or Court's	pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or s own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),
	tention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact 142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.
Part II - Findings of Fact ar	nd Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
	8 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person litions have been met:
\square (1) the defendant is charged with one of	f the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):
	of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. imum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or
(b) an offense for which the maxim	num sentence is life imprisonment or death; or
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S	Im term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act or 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or
(a) through (c) of this paragraph, o	been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses ough (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal

(e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves:

jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or

- (i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921);
- (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and
- (2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.
 - § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed; *and*
- (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; *and*
- (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
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AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial
Significant family or other ties outside the United States
☐ Lack of legal status in the United States
Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
✓ Use of alias(es) or false documents✓ Background information unknown or unverified
Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release
i from violations of probation, parole, of supervised release
OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:
Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention
The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences of being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

s/ Héctor L. Ramos-Vega

United States Magistrate Judge

02/01/2025

Date: